NC 3R^s

National Centre for the Replacement Refinement & Reduction of Animals in Research

The ARRIVE guidelines: improving the reporting of *in vivo* research

Dr Vicky Robinson

2004 – 2014 | Ten Years of Pioneering Better Science

The need for the ARRIVE guidelines

 Developed following an extensive review on the reporting of animals in research (Kilkenny et al., 2009).



- Survey of the quality of reporting of publically funded animal research in the UK and US.
- Co-funded by the MRC and the NIH Office of Laboratory Animal Welfare and commissioned by the NC3Rs.
- In vivo experiments involving rodents and non-human primates.



271 papers – most detailed survey of its kind.

Quality of published research

The survey identified key areas for improvement:

Experimental design

- Only 12% of publications report randomisation and 14% report blinding to reduce bias in animal selection and outcome measurements
- 38% of the studies amenable to a factorial design did not use one



Statistical analysis

- In 4% of the studies, it was unclear what statistical test had been used
- Only 70% of publications fully described statistical methods and presented the result with a measure of variability.



Reporting of studies

- Animal characteristics missing in 25%
- Sample size missing in 100%
- Only 59% stated the study hypothesis, number and characteristics of animals used

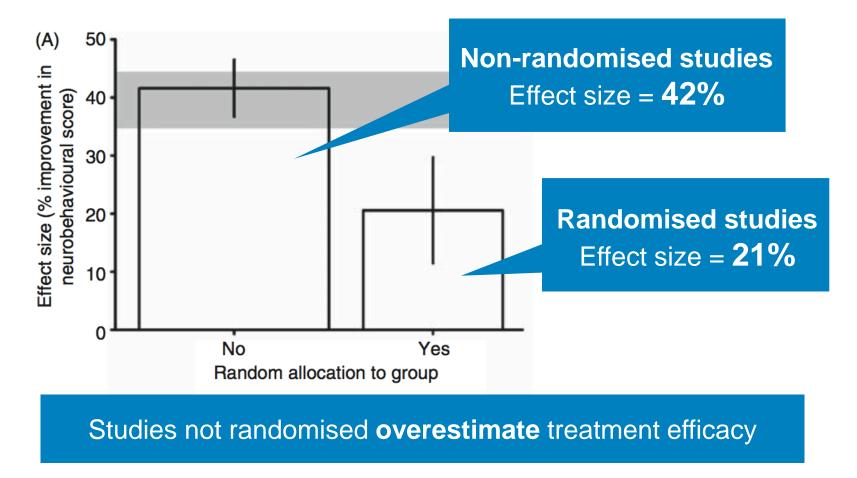




Quality of published research - Randomisation

Animal models of multiple sclerosis

NC 3R^s Comparison of randomised and non-randomised studies

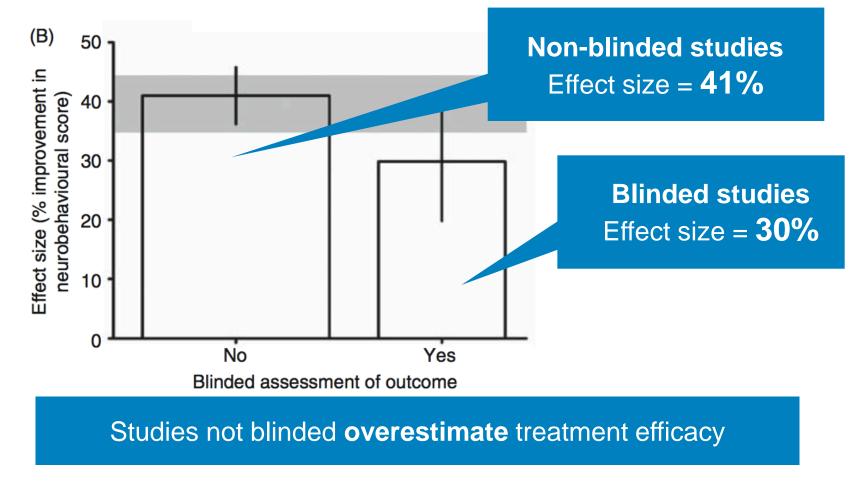


Vesterinen HM et al. (2010) Improving the translational hit of experimental treatments in multiple sclerosis. Mult Scler;16:1044-55.

Quality of published research - Blinding

Animal models of multiple sclerosis

NC 3R^s Comparison of blinded and non-blinded studies

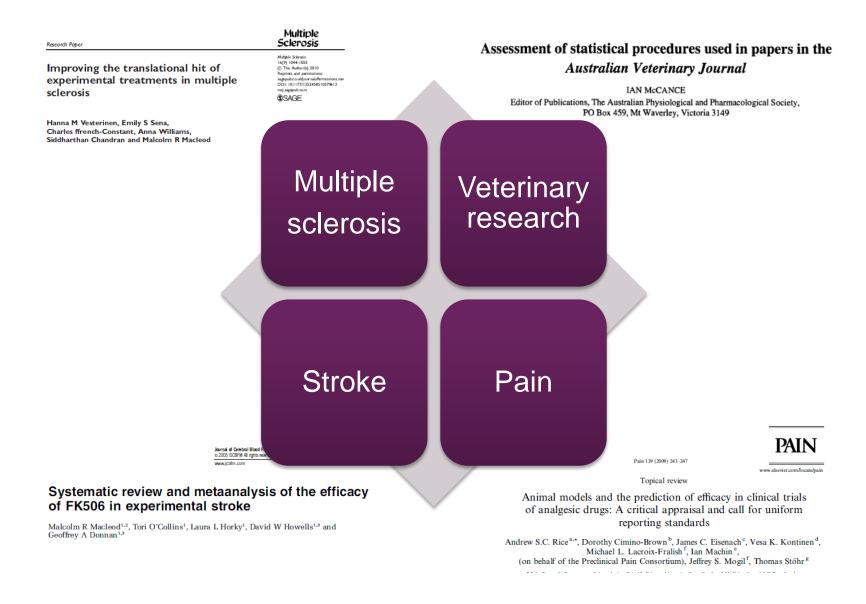


Vesterinen HM et al. (2010) Improving the translational hit of experimental treatments in multiple sclerosis. Mult Scler;16:1044-55.

Supported by other reviews

NC

3R^s





The ARRIVE guidelines

Animal Research: Reporting of In Vivo Experiments

The ARRIVE guidelines were developed to improve the reporting of research using animals.

- Checklist of 20 items, containing key information necessary to describe a study comprehensively and transparently.
- Developed as consensus between:
 - Scientists
 - Statisticians
 - Journal editors
 - Research funders
- Used to ensure reproducibility of animal research and avoid unnecessary animal use.







The guidelines include

Title

1. Accurate & concise description

Abstract

2. Background, objectives, methods, key findings and conclusions

Introduction

- 3. Background
- 4. Objectives

Methods

5. Ethical statement

6. Study design(blinding/randomisation)

7. Experimental procedures (How? When? Where? Why?)

8. Experimental animals (species, sex, weight)

9. Housing and husbandry

10. Sample size

- 11. Allocation experimental groups
- 12. Experimental outcomes
- 13. Statistical methods

Results

- 14. Baseline Data
- 15. Numbers Analysed

16. Outcomes & estimation

17. Adverse events

Discussion

18. Interpretation & implications

19. Generalisability and translation

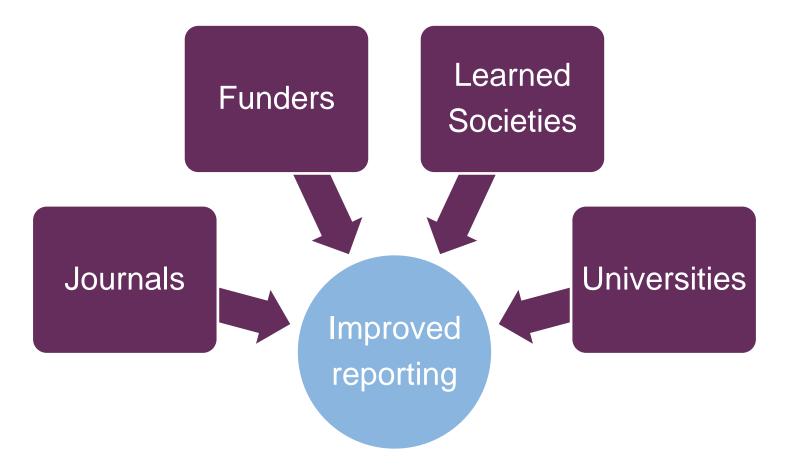
20. Funding



ARRIVE resources – www.nc3rs.org.uk/ARRIVE



Strategy for adoption of the ARRIVE guidelines







Who uses the ARRIVE guidelines?

Over 7,000 copies of the ARRIVE Z card have been sent to 29 different countries.

Website visitors from **110** countries (www.nc3rs.org.uk/ARRIVE)



Journals endorsing ARRIVE



Funders endorsing ARRIVE

Open letter from UK funders to Universities to improve the design and reporting of animal research.

Signed by Chief Executives of UK bioscience research funders:

- Wellcome Trust
- BBSRC
- MRC

Since 2014....

22 May 2012

To: University Vice Chancellors, Principals and Heads of Divisions

wellcometrust

As major funders of bioscience research in the UK we are committed to supporting the best science in terms of its conduct and impact. This is particularly the case with research involving the use of animals given the ethical implications, societal concerns and financial costs.

As part of this commitment we work closely with the NC3Rs, the Government-funded body which leads the delivery of new ways to replace, reduce and refine the use of animals. We have recently signed up to the NC3Rs guidelines - ARRIVE - which focus on improving the design and reporting of animal studies.

The NC3Rs has previously undertaken the largest survey to date of the quality of design. analysis and reporting of animal research, providing evidence that there is considerable scope for improvement. The ARRIVE guidelines are intended to help address this. Compliance with the guidelines is a condition of our grant funding.

To ensure wide uptake and compliance with the ARRIVE guidelines, we are asking you to encourage scientists within your Institute to make use of the guidelines while designing experiments and reporting their research findings. The guidelines are endorsed by an increasing number of high impact journals and can be found at www.nc3rs.org.uk/ARRIVE.

Professor Sir John Savill

Chief Executive, MRC

Chief Executive, BBSRC

Professor Douglas Kell

Maele Walport

Sir Mark Walport Chief Executive, Wellcome Trust





BBS

MRC



Research

Counci

Universities endorsing ARRIVE

Open letter from UK funders to Universities to improve the reporting of animal research.

- Institutional policies in animal research
- Public statement
- Licensee training courses
- Research training courses
- Internal communications





STANFORD





Societies endorsing ARRIVE

A growing number of learned societies are endorsing the ARRIVE guidelines and sharing with their members:









Further information

www.nc3rs.org.uk/ARRIVE

www.nc3rs.org.uk @NC3Rs

